Field Guide to

# Laser Pulse Generation

Rüdiger Paschotta

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#### Field Guide to Laser Pulse Generation

Lasers and related devices have an amazing potential for generating both very intense and extremely short light pulses. Within four decades, a wide range of techniques for pulse generation has been developed; these techniques can be applied to different laser types and span a huge parameter space in terms of pulse duration, peak power, and pulse repetition rate. It is therefore not surprising that laser pulses have found an extremely wide range of applications.

The primary objective of this *Field Guide* is to provide an overview of all essential methods of laser pulse generation, including Q switching, gain switching, mode locking, and also the amplification of ultrashort pulses to high energies. Some material on pulse characterization is also provided. Both the physical aspects involved and the various technical limitations are discussed in significant depth. This *Field Guide* should therefore be very useful for a wide audience, including practitioners in industry as well as researchers. Even those who only apply, but do not themselves develop, pulsed and ultrafast laser systems can learn, for example, about the potential of different pulse generation methods.

I am greatly indebted to my wife, Christine, who strongly supported the creation of this *Field Guide* by improving many of the figures.

> Dr. Rüdiger Paschotta RP Photonics Consulting GmbH Zürich, Switzerland

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A(t)	electric field envelope function
c	velocity of light in vacuum
$D_2$	group delay dispersion
E	electric field strength
$E_{ m p}$	pulse energy
$E_{ m sat}$	saturation energy (e.g., of a laser medium)
f	frequency (e.g., noise frequency)
$f_{ m m}$	modulation frequency
$f_{\rm rep}$	pulse repetition rate
g	gain coefficient
$g_{ m f}$	final gain coefficient
$g_{ m i}$	initial gain coefficient
$g_{ m ss}$	gain coefficient in the steady state
G	power amplification factor [= exp(g)]
h	Planck's constant
Ι	optical intensity (power per unit area)
$I_{ m sat}$	saturation intensity (e.g., of a laser medium)
l	loss coefficient
	(e.g., for round-trip losses of a resonator)
n	refractive index
$n_2$	nonlinear index
P	optical power
$P_{\mathrm{av}}$	average power
$P_{ m p}$	peak power
q	coefficient saturable loss
$\Delta R$	modulation depth of saturable absorber
t	time
$T_{ m rt}$	round-trip time of a resonator
$T_{ m oc}$	output coupler transmission

#### Glossary of Symbols (cont.)

- $\gamma$  nonlinear coefficient
- $\phi$  change of spectral phase
- $\lambda$  wavelength
- v optical frequency
- v(t) instantaneous frequency
- v<sub>ceo</sub> carrier–envelope offset frequency
- $\Delta v$  optical bandwidth
- $\Delta v_{\gamma}$  gain bandwidth
- $\tau_{g}$  upper-state lifetime
- $\tau_p$  pulse duration
- $\omega$  angular frequency