Editorial



Editorial Responsibilities

I was pleased to participate in an evening panel discussion during SPIE's annual meeting in San Diego with several of my colleagues who are editors of other journals in our field. We engaged in a very interesting dialogue with an active audience. Many important and often difficult questions were posed—and some of them even answered! The time spent was well worthwhile and, although it might be self-serving to say it, I think that the editors acquitted themselves well in explaining the policies, procedures, and philosophies of the journals that they represented. It was interesting to note that one person in the audience had to be reminded (by me) that *Optical Engineering* was not "my journal" but "his journal."

It is not my intent to report on that panel discussion, as interesting as that might be. I just wanted to make a few observations about *Optical Engineering* and the role and responsibility of the editor as I see it. The editor's role is not merely to perform a set of predetermined mechanical tasks, although there is a good deal of that to be done just to make deadlines and produce the journal on schedule. We are fortunate that the scope of *Optical Engineering* is quite broad and its aim is to bring to its readers a variety of papers in diverse branches of the field. The juxtaposition of papers in different subdisciplines is very important and allows for the transfer of ideas. There is, of course, also a role for journals of a more focused and specialized content, and we meet some of that need too with our special issues or special sections with important input from the guest editors.

The tone and quality of *Optical Engineering* is set by the papers already published and the perceived value of these papers to the readers. *Optical Engineering* is but an example of various methods of information transfer—information that can generally be counted on as being correct because of the review process (not always so, of course, but the reader is certainly able to read the papers critically).

The first proactive step of the editor is to determine if a submitted paper is appropriate for the journal. So far I have not received a paper that is so obviously not optics that I have returned it to the author. Thus, I have sent every paper received out to reviewers; as a result of the review process I have transferred a few papers to more suitable journals, but not before consulting with the editor of the other journal and the authors.

The editor's choice of reviewers is clearly very important. It is not a matter of selecting randomly a set of names from a predetermined list—judgment is certainly involved—knowing the people and their expertise is vital.

Reading the reviews and assisting the authors in their responses to the reviews is another important role for the editor. After all, the editor is the liaison between the reviewers and the authors. I must say that I believe it is my role to be supportive of the authors and to help them get their papers published. This process sometimes takes several iterations with authors, reviewers, and myself. The table below gives the statistics to date of all the submitted papers I have handled that have gone through the review and revision process.

Accepted for publication	67%
Not accepted for publication	28%
Closed	2.4%
Withdrawn	1.6%
Transferred for publication in another journal	1.0%

Thus 68% of the papers will be published. Those files that I reluctantly had to close because of the authors' nonresponse may well reappear, and those few that are withdrawn may be resubmitted.

I would be the first to admit that mistakes are made—we do not always get it right. I know of at least one paper that I could not accept, but was accepted and published in another prestigious journal. I also know of at least one paper where the reverse occurred. That's good, the information was published.

As your editor I am happy with the statistics listed above. Together with the editorial staff in Bellingham I am pleased to "edit" your journal *Optical Engineering*, and hope that as a team we are responsible for "value added."

> Brian J. Thompson Editor

December 1992

Automatic Target Recognition Firooz Sadjadi Systems and Research Center Honeywell Inc. 3660 Technology Drive

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January 1993

Optical Research in Asia Chung J. Kuo National Chung Cheng University Department of Electrical Engineering Chiayi, Taiwan 62107 886-5-272-0411, ext. 6210 • 886-5-272-0862 FAX Toshimitsu Asakura Hokkaido University Research Institute of Applied Electricity Sapporo, 060 Japan 81-11-716-2111 • 81-11-758-3173 FAX Yong H. Lee KAIST Department of Physics Yusung-Ku, Taejon, Korea 82-42-829-2536 • 82-42-861-1458 FAX Run W. Wang Shanghai Institute of Optics and Fine Mechanics P.O. Box 800-211 Shanghai, 201800 China

April 1993

Emerging Optoelectronic Technologies

Vijai K. Tripathi Oregon State Univeristy Dept. of Electrical and Computer Eng. ECE Building 220 Corvallis, Oregon 97331-3211 503/737-3617 • 503/737-1300 FAX

May 1993

Phase Contrast Microscopy Maksymilian Pluta Institute of Applied Optics ul. Kamionkowska 18 03-805 Warszawa, Poland 48 22 18 44 05 or 48 22 18 44 97 48 22 13 32 65 FAX

June 1993

From Numerical to Symbolic Image Processing: Systems & Applications G. Vernazza Dipartimento di Ingegneria Biofisica ed Elettronica Universita degli Studi di Genova Via Opera Pia, 11a 16145 Genova, Italy +39 10 353-2755 • +39 10 353-2777 FAX

July 1993

Visual Communication and Image Processing IV Cheng-Tie Chen Bellcore 445 South St. Morristown, NJ 07962 201/829-5151 • 201/829-5884 FAX Hsueh-Ming Hang Center for Telecommunication Research National Chiao-Tung University Hsinchu, Taiwan +886/35-712121 x3298 • +886/35-723283 FAX Kou-Hu Tzou COMSAT Labs. 22300 Comsat Drive Clarksburg, MD 20871 301/428-4663 • 301/428-7747 FAX Manuscripts due Dec. 1, 1992.

August 1993 Electro-Optical

Electro-Optical Flight Systems Amar Choudry Science and Technology Corporation 101 Research Drive Hampton, VA 23666 804/865-1894 Manuscripts due Jan. 1, 1993.

September 1993

Optical Science and Engineering in Canada C.P. Grover National Research Council Institute for National Measurement Standards Ottawa Canada K1A OR6

Ottawa, Canada K1A OR6 613/993-2098 • 613/952-1394 FAX Manuscripts due Feb. 1, 1993.

October 1993

Microlithography James R. Sheats Hewlett-Packard Company 2500 Deer Creek Road Palo Alto, CA 94304-1392 415/857-5987 • 415/857-6241 FAX Manuscripts due March 1, 1993.

November 1993

Acquisition, Tracking, and Pointing Mohammed A. Karim University of Dayton Center for Electro-Optics 300 College Park Dayton, Ohio 45469-0227 513/229-2241 • 513/229-3433 Manuscripts due April 1, 1993.

December 1993

Magnetospheric Imagery and Atmospheric Remote Sensing Supriya Chakrabarti Boston University Center for Space Physics 725 Commonwealth Avenue Boston, MA 02215 E-mail: supc@bu-ast.bu.edu 617/353-5990 • 617/353-6463 FAX

Manuscripts due May 1, 1993.

January 1994

Infrared Technology Marija S. Scholl Jet Propulsion Laboratory California Institute of Technology 4800 Oak Grove Drive Pasadena, CA 91009-8099 818/354-2313 • 818/393-6105 FAX Manuscripts due June 1, 1993.

February 1994

Optical Interconnects and Packaging Sing Lee University of California/San Diego E&CE Department La Jolla, CA 92093-0407 619/534-2413 • 619/534-1225 FAX Manuscripts due July 1, 1993.

March 1994

High Heat Flux Optical Engineering Ali M. Khounsary Argonne National Laboratory Advanced Photon Source, APS 362 Argonne, IL 60439 708/252-3384 • 708/252-3222 FAX Manuscripts due Aug. 1, 1993.

April 1994

Micro-Optics Chandrasekhar Roychoudhuri University of Connecticut at Storrs Photonics Research Center MS-157, Room 312 260 Glenbrook Road Storrs, CT 06269-3157 203/486-4816 • 203/486-3789 FAX Manuscripts due Sep. 1, 1993.

June 1994

Optical Science & Engineering in India Rajpal S. Sirohi Indian Institute of Technology Applied Optics Laboratory Physics Department Madras-600 036, India 044-2351365 ext. 221 • 044-2350509 FAX Manuscripts due Nov. 1, 1993.